SUBVENTIAL OVER NEED PRODUCTION,
WAYS TO INCREASE THE RENTABILITY OF PISCICOLE FARMS
RENTABILITY

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Abstract. Subvention is given from the state budged to agricol producers, which own and administrate piscicole places to produce fish for consumption, organized in agricol exploitations. The quantity analyzes evolution and the value of the subvention during the period 2005-2006 and oscillates in both ways, reaching to an absolute value of 1500 thousand lei RON (OMAPR nr. 549/2006). Compared with the previous year, in 2006 there are modifications, concerning the product subvention value, and minimal weight of fish at delivery. That way the subvention increases at crap and pike with 0.2 lei RON/kg fish. The minimal weight of delivered fish change for a part of sturgeon: lowers starlet from 2 kg to 1 kg and increases at beluga from 2 kg to 5 kg. In the last part of the paper are presented the conditions that have to be accomplished by the subvention beneficiary.

INTRODUCTION

Agriculture subvention in Romania in the last years manifested a tendency more and more accentuated by Usual Agricol Policies. Through subvention system practiced it is wanted two major objectives as: efficient allocation of budget resources to help agricol producers and agricol production valorification by market means.

Giving budget subvention from the state to agricol producers, physical or juridical persons, who own, grow and exploit animals for production and reproduction or /and which own /administrate piscicole farms for fish production, organized in agricol exploitations are according to the law.

2005 SUBVENTION

For 2005, the first normative, HG. 64/2005, said that giving a direct help from the state to the agricol producers who exploit animals for production and reproduction or who own/administrate piscicole farms to produce fish for consumption, ,a limit sum of 1.540 billion lei (154 bill. lei RON),within the program "Sustainable development of zoo technical and the efficacy of the animal production sector, and also the rehabilitation of the piscicole sector in Romania". The value of the subvention /kg fish and minimal weight /species of fish results from the table 1. It can be observed that initially in 2005, weren’t scheduled subventions for crap specie .

The subventions for the production of fish for consumption were conditioned by supplying a minimal quantity of 100 kg/specie/producer.

By HG nr. 811/2005 was introduced subvention for crap, 0.80 lei RON/kg for fish with minimal weight of 2 kg. At pike the subvention on the product decreases with 0.20 lei RON/kg (Table 1). A significant change is the increasing the minimal quantity supplied at
500 kg, with the exception of sturgeon.

Subvention on the product, on fish species, period 2005-2006

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nr. crt.</th>
<th>Fish specie</th>
<th>Subvention/ Product lei RON/kg</th>
<th>Minimal weight kg/piece</th>
<th>Subvention product lei RON/kg</th>
<th>Minimal weight kg/piece</th>
<th>Subvention product lei RON/kg</th>
<th>Minimal weight kg/piece</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Indigenous Crap</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0,8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,00</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Pike perch</td>
<td>1,2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,20</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,20</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Sheat fish</td>
<td>1,2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,20</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,20</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Pike</td>
<td>1,00</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0,8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,00</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Starlet</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Sturgeon</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Beluga</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4,00</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In 2005 the total oscillation of values for given subventions for fish used for consumption was due to the modification of the subvention on product unit, and also subvention quantities. So, according to OMAPDR 113/2005 the total value of the subvention for the production of fish for consumption, was of 10,0 billiard lei for 790 tones of fish for consumption, achieved and slaughtered in the period of 1st January 31th December 2005; the total subvention repartition on species is presented in table 2.

The evolution of subvention giving on the fish for consumption on species in 2005

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nr. crt.</th>
<th>SPECIA</th>
<th>UM</th>
<th>LEGALLY BASE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>OMAPDR nr. 113/2005</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Pike perch</td>
<td>Tone</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mill lei RON</td>
<td>0,36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Sheat fish</td>
<td>Tone</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mill lei RON</td>
<td>0,36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Pike</td>
<td>tone</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mill lei RON</td>
<td>0,16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Sturgeon</td>
<td>tone</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mill lei RON</td>
<td>0,12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Crap</td>
<td>tone</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Mill lei RON</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ulterior, through OMAPDR 681/2005, were modified the quantities of fish for consumption for which is given the subvention and their values, reaching the quantities of 1163 tones with a total value of 1,0 million lei RON (Figure 1). Although the total value of subvention remains the same, its structure on species suffers major modifications. That way, it is introduced the subvention of a quantity of 1000 to crap, with a value of 0,8 million lei RON in the detriment of the other subvention for species (Table 2).

In OMAPDR. 1060/2005 the subvention given for fish production decreases at crap, by almost 40 times, the quantity subvention being of only 26,837 towards 1000, established by OMAPDR. 681/2005. This modification affects the quantity too, respectively the total value of the subvention in this domain (Figure 1).

OMAPDR 1.387/2005 had as effect a considerable decrease, of the products and also,
of the total value of the subvention given for fish designated for consumption achieved and slaughtered in the period 1\textsuperscript{st} January - 31\textsuperscript{th} December, reaching to 0.18332 million lei RON for the quantity of 228,783 kg fish, distributed as it results from the table 2.

For 2006 the level of the direct state help by according subvention was established with the help HG nr.1.853/2005. Compared to the previous year there are some changes, concerning the value of the subvention on the product, and also minimal weight of the fish at the delivery. That way, the subvention increases at crap species and pike with 0.2 lei RON/kg fish. The minimal weight of delivered fish changes for a part of sturgeon: decreases at starlet from 2 kg to 1 kg and increases at beluga from 2 kg to 5 kg (Table1).

In 2006 the subvention for fish productions are given to the aqua culture producers who deliver to authorized commercially units and processing \textit{minimum} 100 kg/specie/producer to each delivery at all the species, respecting the conditions which concerns packing, labeling, freshment level, calibration etc.

The value of the subvention of fish for consumption, achieved in systematic fish farms and farms of intensively and super intensively, from species with high economical value, delivered on the market through authorized commercial units, is of 700 thousand lei RON (OMAPDR nr. 219/2006). By OMAPDR nr. 549/2006 the total value of the subvention increases to the sum of 1500 thousand lei RON (Graphic 2).
CONDITIONS OF SUBVENTION ACCORDANCE

The activity of breeding fish for consumption in production units of aquaculture is attested by joining the aquaculture unit in **Registry of production units** from aquaculture and by obtaining the **license for aquaculture**.

The beneficiary of the subvention cannot request the subvention before joining the unit in the registry of exploitation and obtaining license for exploitation manager.

To be able to benefit from the subvention according to HG nr. 1.853/2005, the producers from aquaculture must fill in a request to the Agriculture Intervention and Payment County Agency, request that should be done in 30 days from the date of payment for the fish delivered for consumption, and attach the following **papers**:
- copy of the unique registered certificate of the commercial society;
- copy of the bill of the selling act for fish;
- copy of the aquaculture license;
- copy of the veterinary sanitary authorization which allows to practice aquaculture activity;
- copy of veterinary sanitary certificate for transport.

Agricultural producers show only once, on the first request, the identification unit papers, in copies, and also the original papers for authenticity. In the previous requests there has to be mentioned the position and the date from the Registry of the first request.

Juridical or private persons may ask for subvention directly or with the help of associate forms at local level, with a county representative from which the subvention according to the budget belongs to, and the subvention is giving until they are fully used.

CONCLUSIONS

To receive the subvention from the state budget for agricultural producers who own, breed and administrate fish productive farms have to be organized in agricultural exploitations. Also they have to prove the fish breeding activity by joining the aquaculture in **Registry of production units** from aquaculture and by obtaining the license for aquaculture.

The quantity and subvention value on the period 2005-2006 shows changes in both ways, achieving a total value of 1500 thousand lei RON (OMAPR nr. 549/2006). The decreasing of total subvention value until the end of the year is due to the lack of the requests from the potential beneficiary who don’t fulfill all the conditions necessary to obtain it.

In 2006 there are changes concerning the value of the subvention of the product, and also on the minimal weight of the fish delivered. That way the subvention /kg fish increases in the case of carp and pike, and the minimal fish weight changes for a part of sturgeon: decreases at starlet, increases at beluga.

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