

Epidemiological Study of Diseases on Cattle in CSVA Tășnad Activity Area

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SUMMARY

The study was conducted during 2010 and aimed at identifying the incidence of major diseases in cattle on the range CSVA Tășnad, Satu Mare. The number of cattle in CSVA Tășnad of 842 cattle, is divided into two categories: those in the GP (households) and those in private farms. The study took place at record number of cattle, when the doctor was asked to diagnose and treat various diseases. To record and shall keep strictly difertelor as interventions in animals was made an observation chart of the case. From the observation records of the case study and record the following advice has been prepared, including the most common cases the current case law.

Tab.1

Diseases on the register of consultation and treatment in 2010

Disease type	Year 2010	
	GP (households)	Private farms
Medical diseases	63	55
Obstretical and gynecology diseases		
- Ovarian	40	45
- Uterine	41	25
- Cervical	7	3
- Mammary gland disorders	37	6
- Internal face eczem of the thighs	24	6
Parasitic diseases	104	136
Surgical diseases	68	59
Total cases	384	335

Casuistry is extremely rich and diverse. Veterinarian must respect the animal and thus to respect life regardless of its form, to devote alleviating suffering and saving lives of animals and not to obtain profit, to be a doctor and manager at the same time not to abdicate of professional ethics in any event, to form a competent team, continues to consider training as a compulsory part of its development is an indicator of customer profesionale. Customer satisfaction is an indicator of success.

Keywords: diseases, epidemiology, treatment, animals owners, economy.

REFERENCES

1. CSVA Tășnad register of advice and tratments 2010
2. Analysis bulletins issued by Sanitary Veterinary Direction Satu Mare Laboratory 2010