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Researches Regarding the Embryonic Development of *Polyodon spathula* Species in C.C.D.P. Nucet Conditions

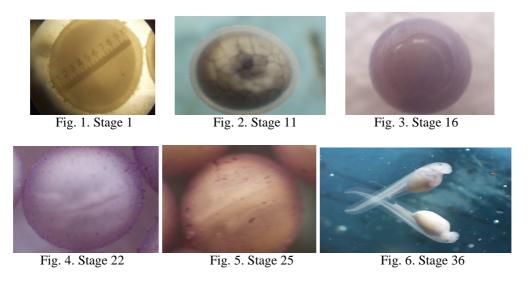
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SUMMARY

Embryonic development of *Polyodon spathula* (Walbaum 1792) starts with roe fecundation and ends to hatching. In embryonic development of this species were observed 36 stages. The interval for temperature regarding embryonic development is 14-18 C degrees, and optimum is 16 C degrees. The unpregnate roe has an egg-shape form, size between 2,7-3 mm and gray-dun to gray-black color. The stage 1 starts immediately after fecundation when roe is orientated with both poles to horizontal axe (Fig. 1). After successive transformations (Fig. 2-6), in 36-th stages (after 240 hours) the body is gray-pellucid, the tail is almost erect, and the head presents a longitudinal segment till pericardial cavity. Know ledges about embryonic development characteristics guided to comprehension of organism needs and influence factors for technological process substantiation.



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